Q2 RHEINMETALL AG INTERIM REPORT AS OF JUNE 30, 2004





THE RHEINMETALL GROUP AT A GLANCE

Automotive Kolbenschmidt Pierburg AG



The Automotive sector, parented by Kolbenschmidt Pierburg AG, stands for innovative products related to every aspect of the engine. As of June 30, 2004, Rheinmetall held 95.7 percent of the stock of Kolbenschmidt Pierburg AG.

The Kolbenschmidt Pierburg Group product range extends from systems and components for air supply and emission control via pistons and piston modules to plain bearings, as well as complete engine blocks.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg is the second-largest manufacturer of pistons worldwide and ranks among the top three in all its other product segments in the relevant markets.

Defence Rheinmetall DeTec AG



All Rheinmetall's defence technology activities are subsumed in the Defence sector under Rheinmetall DeTec AG, a subsidiary wholly owned by Rheinmetall AG.

The Rheinmetall DeTec Group specializes in equipping land forces with armored vehicles, weapons and ammunition, electronic equipment, and state-of-the-art air defence systems.

Rheinmetall DeTec is Europe's leading competence center for land forces technology, as well as among the top three equippers of land forces worldwide.

IMPROVED PROFITABILITY— New growth potentials

In the first half of 2004, the Rheinmetall Group continued along its path for profit-focused growth and upgraded its earnings. Rheinmetall has opened up new growth potentials through a sharper competitive edge, an innovative product range and a selective internationalization drive.

- □ Group performance boosted despite smaller consolidation group.
- □ EBIT margin up from 2.8 to 5.5 percent.
- □ Earnings per preferred share more than doubled.
- $\hfill\square$ Automotive sector reporting record sales and EBIT leap.
- □ Defence sector tapping growth markets and improving profitability.

Q2 NEWS FLASHES

April 2004

Rheinmetall

Corporate citizenship on a global scale: in its Code of Conduct, the Executive Board agrees with Rheinmetall's European Works Council on principles of corporate citizenship for internationally operating companies.

Rheinmetall DeTec

Added protection for Germany's soldiers on the ISAF mission in the Hindu Kush. In place of the unarmored vehicles used to date, Rheinmetall Landsysteme hands over to the medical corps the first of the armored Duro 3.



Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

At its Berlin plant, Pierburg commissions a second ultramodern assembly line for motorized drive modules with integrated position control.

Rheinmetall

road shows the USA and presents itself.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

Large-bore pistons from KS Kolbenschmidt working inside the diesel engine of the renowned high-speed panoramic train XPT of Australia's Rail Corporation New South Wales complete an average 400,000 km yearly.



Rheinmetall DeTec

involved in the lead-up projects to the coordinated European Security Research Program planned by the European Commission and starting from 2007.

May 2004

Rheinmetall DeTec

Reinforcement for Switzerland's armored forces from Rheinmetall Landsysteme in the shape of the newest-generation rescue tanks 3 (Büffel)



Rheinmetall

presents itself to financial analysts and investors in Stockholm, Copenhagen and London.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

In theory and in practice: among the some 200 attendants at the annual stockholders' meeting, students from a commercial high school and banking apprentices receive hands-on instruction.



Rheinmetall DeTec

Rheinmetall Defence Electronics supplies the notable Semerang Growth Center for Civilian Navigation in Indonesia with extensive laboratory equipment and state-of-the-art simulators.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

The groundbreaking ceremony for the minifactory at Ústí, Czech Republic, close to an existing location. Starting from 2005, some 60 employees at the newly founded Pierburg Czech Republic will assemble electric actuators, secondary air pumps, and exhaust dampers.

Rheinmetall

360 stockholders attend the fiscal 2003 stockholders' meeting in Berlin.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

North Rhine-Westphalia's Transport Minister Dr. Axel Horstmann presents in road tests the first of altogether 60 vehicles making up the Mercedes-Benz fuel-cell car fleet. The hydrogen sensor was developed by Pierburg and is an essential element to the safe deployment of this new environment-friendly technology.

June 2004

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

donates Shanghai university a Chair for Propulsion Technology.

Rheinmetall DeTec

With the aid of specially adapted Superfledermaus radar units built by Oerlikon Contraves, an internationally staffed team of the Swiss ornithological station Sempach is researching the behavior of birds crossing the vast desert regions of northern Africa.

Kolbenschmidt Pierburg

Award for outstanding work: Porsche presents its Supplier Award 2003 to KS Aluminium-Technologie, Neckarsulm, thus ranking this engine block builder among its ten best suppliers.



Rheinmetall DeTec

takes another step forward in the globalization of its operations by setting up Rheinmetall Hellas S.A., and thus amplifying its presence with NATO member Greece.

Rheinmetall

attends the Capital Market Conference staged by the BW Bank in Frankfurt/Main.

Rheinmetall DeTec

VIP visit to the stand at the Paris Eurosatory: French Minister of Defence Michèle Alliot-Marie finds out about numerous new and further developments forming an essential element in the updating of the armed forces.



Rheinmetall DeTec

Rheinmetall Waffe Munition GmbH signs a skeleton agreement with Germany's Association of Major Power Plant Operators regarding the supply of passive protection systems designed to shield the plants against terrorist attack.

→ 13 Additional disclosures

Rheinmetall following the road to success in $H_1/2004$

EBIT boosted despite smaller consolidation group	tors, Automotive and Defence, the Rheinmetall Group	Consequently, the H1 EBIT margin almost doubled
Organic sales growth of 3 percent	The Rheinmetall Group's H1 sales came to €1,621 million, the downturn in comparison to 2003 being solely ascribable to divestments. Adjusted for these	structural effects and exchange rate factors, the like-for-like Group sales are equivalent to organic growth of 3 percent.
Optimistic outlook for 2004 endorsed	Rheinmetall predicts that H2/2004 will see a sequel to the Group's organic growth. For the first time in many years, all Rheinmetall divisions will close the	is expected for the entire year 2004. Moreover, Rhein- metall will slash its net interest expense by a double- digit million euro amount.

year in the black, and a much improved EBIT margin

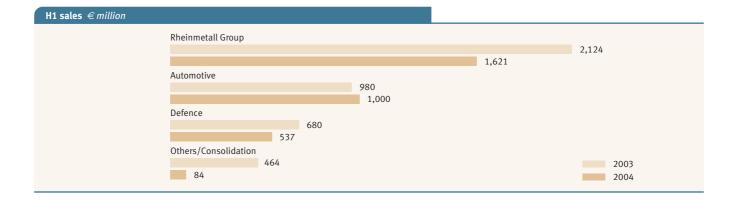
theinmetall Group indicators € million	114 / 2222	114/0004
	H1/2003	H1/2004
let sales	2,124	1,621
)rder intake	2,208	1,567
rder backlog (6/30)	4,418	2,956
leadcount (6/30)	26,087	18,562
BIT	59	89
BIT margin	2.8%	5.5%
ash flow	134	131
apital expenditures	87	69
epreciation/amortization	123	85

PROFITABLE GROWTH FROM WITHIN

Global economic upswing a solid launching pad	Over the past months, the economic recovery observed worldwide has further brightened the business environment for German industry despite continued poor domestic demand. The United States, Southeast Asia and Japan, along with many	European economies, have all shown an uptrend, causing exports to become the central driver of Germany's growth. Leading economic research institutes predict growth of up to 2.1 percent for the entire year 2004.
Consolidation group changes	 The streamlining of the Rheinmetall Group's corporate structure meant that the H1/2004 size-related business figures declined from the H1/2003 level in the wake of the following major divestments since January 2003: Hirschmann Austria GmbH (Electronics): Sold in June 2003 Remaining operations of the Jagenberg Group: Sold by August 2003 Naval Systems unit (Defence)_ Split-off in August 2003 	 STN Atlas Marine Electronics GmbH (EuroMarine): Sold in October 2003 Preh-Werke GmbH & Co. KG (Electronics): Sold in October 2003 Heidel Group (Defence): Sold in January 2004 Hirschmann Electronics GmbH & Co. KG (Electronics): Sold in March 2004 EuroCom Industries A/S (EuroMarine): Sold in May 2004 The exact changes within Rheinmetall's consoli- dation group are shown in the table on <i>page 13</i>.
Automotive reporting record sales	The Rheinmetall Group generated sales of €1,621 million in the first half, which is traditionally weaker in terms of sales, and thus ratcheted up its like-for-	burg succeeded in expanding its leading positions in relevant market segments and regions. With or- ganic growth of 4.6 percent, Automotive clearly out-
Defence maintaining year-earlier level	like business volume in 2004 thanks to the sales up- trend at Automotive. In light of the extensive divest- ments, the \in 2,124 million sales reported for H1/2003 are not comparable.	paced the average increase in the three key automo- tive markets (Western Europe, United States, Japan). Defence posted H1 sales of €537 million, about the year-earlier magnitude when considering the reduced

aggressively competitive market, Kolbenschmidt Pier- since H2 has usually accounted for some two-thirds

ıg With H1 sales of €1,000 million achieved amid an consolidation group and thus a solid performance of annual sales.



PROFITABILITY OF OPERATIONS FURTHER REVVED UP

Rheinmetall Group performance trend \in million

	H1/2003	H1/2004	Change (abs.)
Net sales	2,124	1,621	-503
EBITDA	182	174	-8
EBIT	59	89	+30
EBT	20	55	+35
Group net income	8	41	+33
Group earnings (after minority interests)	2	38	+36
EpS (preferred stock), in €	0.45	1.09	+0.64

Earnings definitely up

The \in 30 million EBIT hike was accompanied by a \in 5 million net interest expense cut, causing EBT to jump \in 35 million, up from \in 20 million to \in 55 million. A lower tax load ratio combined with an also significantly downscaled percentage of minority interests propelled H1 Group earnings (after minority interests) to \in 38 million (up by \in 36 million).

These factors boosted first-half earnings per preferred share in 2004 to as much as \in 1.09, up from \in 0.45 in 2003 and a red \in 0.03 in 2002.

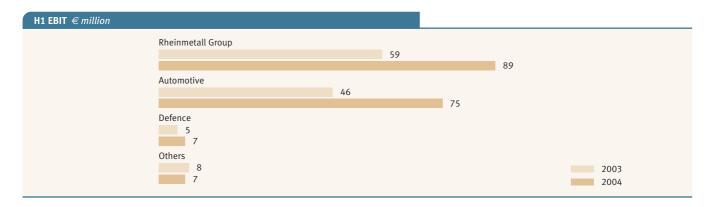
This highly encouraging development mirrors the past years' refocusing on Rheinmetall's high-profit core sectors of Automotive and Defence, as well as the successful completion of countless workout programs and diets at operating subsidiaries, the downscaling of debt, plus the repurchase of minority interests.

Rheinmetall Group organic performance trend € million			
	H1/2003	H1/2004	Change (abs.)
Net sales	2,124	1,621	-503
EBIT	59	89	+30
Extraordinary gains/losses	3	(12)	-15
Goodwill amortization	12		-12
Adjusted (organic) EBIT	74	77	+3
Adjusted (organic) EBIT margin	3.5%	4.8%	+37%
	3.5%	4.8%	+37%

Organic EBIT margin up 37 percent

Organic profitability within the Rheinmetall Group showed an absolute gain of \in_3 million to a like-forlike EBIT of \in_{77} million after adjustment for extraordinary items and goodwill amortization, despite the \notin_{503} million sales shortfall.

Relating EBIT to net sales demonstrates that the adjusted organic EBIT margin rose from the year-earlier 3.5 to 4.8 percent, up 37 percent in H1/2004, an improvement that does not even account for the fact that Defence generates most of its sales and earnings in Q4.



KOLBENSCHMIDT PIERBURG DRIVING UP PROFITABILITY

International automotive industry buoyant	World auto production accelerated 4.8 percent to 30.5 million units in the course of H1/2004. Produc- tion of passenger cars and light commercial vehicles (LCV) advanced 1.3 percent in Western Europe, USA, and Japan, the three large markets most important to Kolbenschmidt Pierburg. The markets of Asia—	especially China—again showed sharp gains while, in contrast, motor vehicle demand in Germany con- tinued to stall during H1/2004. Nonetheless, mea- sured against the previous year, current sales statis- tics from Asia and Europe do point to more conge- nial conditions for the auto industry.
Kolbenschmidt Pierburg: still growing	Given the generally favorable market environment, Kolbenschmidt Pierburg again upped sales in H1/ 2004—to €1,000 million, thus topping the year-ear- lier magnitude by €20 million. Adjusted for exchange rate and structural effects, the addition came to 4.6 percent. Kolbenschmidt Pierburg follows a policy of forward- looking globalization and strictly focusing product	strategy on strongly growing market trends such as lightweight construction, emission reduction, and diesel engine technology. Alongside this emphasis on growth, the Automotive sector's operating per- formance is molded by its lean structures and fine- tuned processes resulting from extensive restructur- ing programs at all the major locations.
Sharp earnings surge Aluminum Technology reaffirms comeback	The Kolbenschmidt Pierburg Group's EBIT for H1/ 2004 totaled \in 75 million, up 63 percent over H1/ 2003. The prior year's organic EBIT of \in 46 million was raised 52 percent in the course of H1/2004 to \in 70 million. For the first time in many years, even the Aluminum Technology division reported a black EBIT of \in 1 mil- lion.	Pierburg's successfully concluded restructuring efforts at German and Italian locations did much to improve profitability while at the US-based piston and plain bearing plants, analogous efforts likewise upped earnings. With British and German marketing activities refocused plus operational improvements in ongoing business, Motor Service lifted its EBIT 20 percent over the prior-year period.
Prospects: earnings raised over year-earlier level	On the basis of its well-balanced global presence, much improved costs, and the product innovations developed and introduced over the past months, Kolbenschmidt Pierburg expects to perpetuate growth	and earning trends during the latter half of the year and hence close 2004 with again improved perform- ance and profitability.

Automotive indicators € million		
	H1/2003	H1/2004
Net sales	980	1,000
Order intake	945	998
Order backlog (6/30)	276	317
Headcount (6/30)	11,565	11,526
EBITDA	115	136
EBIT	46	75
EBT	32	60
EBIT margin	4.7%	7.5%
Capital expenditures	47	44
Depreciation/amortization	69	61

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RHEINMETALL DETEC TAPPING NEW GROWTH POTENTIALS

Growth momentum from The defence market is not one directly swayed by stantial need to modernize the armed forces. Hence, increased need to economic swings but instead governed by longernot only the USA but also the European nations (inupdate and modernize term security strategies and the attendant military cluding Germany) have returned to spending heavily requirements. Changing threat scenarios and new on state-of-the-art equipment for their armed forces. defence challenges have triggered worldwide a sub-Strategically significant H1/2004 sales by the Defence sector reached €537 tems for German nuclear power plants, the sector's market successes million, the decline versus H1/2003 being almost first foray into homeland security. Thanks to orders exclusively due to consolidation group changes. Adfrom Sweden and the United Arab Emirates for MASS, ditionally, certain projects have been postponed into the military decoy countermeasures system, Rheinthe latter half of the year. me-tall DeTec succeeded in H1/2004 in strengthening its foremost position in this submarket. Before Order intake at June 30, 2004, totaled €253 million, this, MASS had already been ordered for the navies down from the year-earlier figure due to the divestof Germany, Norway, and Finland. Among the most ment of Naval Systems and a megacontract for €188 recent sales successes scored in Asia is a contract to million from Greece posted back in H1/2003. deliver rescue tank kits for the South Korean army. The Defence sector did win a number of strategic key contracts including an order to deliver shielding sys-Improved EBIT and In H1/2004, the Defence sector generated an EBIT of 2004 and the fiscal 2003 €13 million no longer conenhanced profitability €7 million (up by €2 million). Adjusted for one-time tributed by the divested companies, the Defence factors, Defence's organic H1 EBIT is €9 million in sector's like-for-like results of operations shows a either year. However, taking into account the €6 gain of €7 million. million goodwill amortization no longer charged in **Prospects:** EBIT already in H1/2004, Rheinmetall DeTec expects Rheinmetall DeTec will succeed in achieving its key

satisfactory annual results

sales and earnings contributions during Q4/2004. On to close fiscal 2004 with a result that is satisfactory. the basis of business during H1/2002 and a black

	H1/2003	H1/2004
Net sales	680	537
Order intake	731	478
Order backlog (6/30)	3,694	2,639
Headcount (6/30)	8,907	6,907
EBITDA	38	27
BIT	5	7
BT	(7)	(2)
EBIT margin	0.7%	1.3%
Capital expenditures	24	31
epreciation/amortization	33	20

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2004

ASSETS € million	12/31/2003	6/30/2003	6/30/2004
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	392	391	397
thereof goodwill	340	341	348
Tangible assets	1,106	1,250	1,025
Financial assets	51	45	48
	1,549	1,686	1,470
Current assets			
Inventories	716	981	733
less prepayments received	(27)	(41)	(34)
Trade receivables	490	628	443
All other receivables and sundry assets	300	511	315
Cash & cash equivalents	336	149	148
	1,815	2,228	1,605
Income tax assets	71	109	81
Prepaid expenses & deferred charges	7	13	10
	,,		
Total assets	3,442	4,036	3,166

EQUITY & LIABILITIES € million	12/31/2003	6/30/2003	6/30/2004
Total equity			
Stockholders' equity			
Capital stock	92	92	92
Additional paid-in capital	208	208	208
Other reserves	312	327	350
Group earnings (after minority interests)	63	2	38
	675	629	688
Minority interests	56	152	52
	731	781	740
Accruals			
Pension accruals	530	695	500
Other accruals	489	555	429
		1,250	929
	1,019	1,250	929
Liabilities			
Financial debts	566	719	513
Trade payables	455	449	386
All other liabilities	574	732	502
	1,595	1,900	1,401
Income tax liabilities	80	73	81
Deferred income	17	32	15
	1 /		15
Total equity & liabilities	3,442	4,036	3,166

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Consolidated income statement for the 6 months (H1) ended June 30, 2004	H1/2003	H1/2004
€ million		
Net sales	2,124	1,621
Net inventory changes, other work and material capitalized	66	66
Total operating performance	2,190	1,687
Other operating income	83	58
Cost of materials	(1,032)	(794)
Personnel expenses	(716)	(523)
Amortization/depreciation	(123)	(85)
Other operating expenses	(343)	(270)
Operating result	59	73
Net interest expense	(39)	(34)
Net investment income and other financial results	0	16
Net financial result	(39)	(18)
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	20	55
Income taxes	(12)	(14)
Group net income	8	41
Minority interests	(6)	(3)
Group earnings (after minority interests)	2	38

Consolidated income statement for the 3 months (Q2) ended June 30, 2004	Q2/2003	Q2/2004
€ million		
Net sales	1,106	800
Net inventory changes, other work and material capitalized	(16)	17
Total operating performance	1,090	817
Other operating income	26	33
Cost of materials	(496)	(380)
Personnel expenses	(364)	(247)
Amortization/depreciation	(63)	(41)
Other operating expenses	(158)	(128)
Operating result	35	54
Net interest expense	(20)	(16)
Net investment income and other financial results	2	3
Net financial result	(18)	(13)
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	17	41
Income taxes	(11)	(12)
Group net income	6	29
Minority interests	(4)	(2)
Group earnings (after minority interests)	2	27

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR H1/2004

€ million	H1/2003	H1/2004
Cash & cash equivalents at January 1 (BoP)	367	336
Group net income	8	41
Amortization/depreciation of fixed assets	123	85
Change in pension accruals	3	5
Cash flow	134	131
Changes in working capital and other items	(238)	(299)
Net cash used in operating activities	(104)	(168)
Cash outflow for additions to tangible and intangible assets	(87)	(69)
Cash inflow from the disposal of tangible and intangible assets	7	7
Cash outflow for additions to consolidated subsidiaries and financial assets	(92)	(16)
Cash inflow from the disposal of consolidated subsidiaries and financial assets	68	101
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	(104)	23
Capital paid in		
Dividend paid out by Rheinmetall AG	(24)	(24)
Other profit distribution	(5)	(2)
Change in financial debts	20	(17)
Net cash used in financing activities	(9)	(43)
Cash-based change in cash & cash equivalents	(217)	(188)
Parity-related change in cash & cash equivalents	(1)	
Total net change in cash & cash equivalents	(218)	(188)
Cash & cash equivalents at June 30 (EoP)	149	148

The seasonality of Defence's business trend-sales, ating activities. A positive free cash flow from operearnings and cash peaking in Q4 of a year—increases this corporate sector's working capital during the sets is expected for all of 2004. year and thus entails a net cash outflow from oper-

ations after deducting the additions to tangible as-

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Capital stock	Additional paid-in capital	Other reserves	Group earnings after minority interests	Stock- holders' equity	Minority interests	Total equity
Balance at 1/1/2003	92	208	113	246	659	210	869
Dividend payments			(24)		(24)	(5)	(29)
Currency translation differences			(4)		(4)	(1)	(5)
Consolidation group changes						(61)	(61)
Other comprehensive income			242	(246)	(4)	3	(1)
Group net income				2	2	6	8
Balance at 6/30/2003	92	208	327	2	629	152	781
Balance at 1/1/2004	92	208	312	63	675	56	731
Dividend payments			(24)		(24)	(2)	(26)
Currency translation differences			1		1		1
Consolidation group changes						(5)	(5)
Other comprehensive income			61	(63)	(2)		(2)
Group net income				38	38	3	41
Balance at 6/30/2004	92	208	350	38	688	52	740

Additional disclosures

Consolidation group				
	12/31/2003	Additions	Disposals	6/30/2004
Fully consolidated companies	127	5	(31)	101
thereof in Germany	74	3	(16)	61
thereof abroad	53	2	(15)	40
Investees stated at equity	16	2	(8)	10
thereof in Germany	7	2	(4)	5
thereof abroad	9	_	(4)	5
	9			

Primary accounting bases

ance with such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and Interpretations approved and released by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as were prescribed to be applied as of the closing date. On March 31, 2004, the IASB published IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, and related amendments of IAS 36, Impairment of Assets, and IAS 38, Intangible Assets. Rheinmetall has voluntarily applied IFRS 3 as from January 1, 2004, thus refraining from goodwill amortization.

The present interim report was prepared in accord- Except for the above change, the accounting and valuation principles, as well as the explanations and disclosures in this interim report, are based on the same, consistently applied methods that also underlie the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003, to which we make reference for further details.

RHEINMETALL STOCK

Rheinmetall stock price recording an all-time high in Q2/2004

The balance Rheinmetall stock can strike after the first six months of 2004 is remarkable, share prices soaring by as much as around 40 percent. This trend outperformed all major German stock indexes by far: the DAX crept up just under 1 percent in the period, the MDAX gained around 13. On a 12-month comparison, Rheinmetall's preferred and common stock performed even better, surging by 104 and 75 percent, respectively (DAX up 26 and MDAX up 45 percent in the same period), and recorded in mid-April all-time highs of €36.23 (preferred) and €35.30 (common).

As of June 30, 2004, Rheinmetall had an unchanged number of 36 million shares (18 million each preferred and common) and a market capitalization worth over €1.2 billion (up from €642 million a year ago). The average daily trading volume in H1 for the more liquid preferred variety swelled from 52,000 shares in 2003 to 65,000. In the H1 statistics of Deutsche Börse AG, the German Stock Exchange Corporation, Rheinmetall preferred stock ranked 29th as of the end of June 2004, both in terms of market capitalization (up from 36th) and trading volume (up from 31st).



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Financial diary

March 23, 2005Annual accounts press conference on fiscal 2004March 23, 2005Analysts conference on fiscal 2004May 10, 2005Annual stockholders' meeting, Berlin	November 11, 2004	3Q/2004 report and conference call
	March 23, 2005	Annual accounts press conference on fiscal 2004
May 10, 2005 Annual stockholders' meeting, Berlin	March 23, 2005	Analysts conference on fiscal 2004
	May 10, 2005	Annual stockholders' meeting, Berlin

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This interim report contains statements and forecasts referring to the Rheinmetall Group's future development which are based on assumptions and estimates by management. If the underlying assumptions do not materialize, the actual figures may differ from such estimates. Elements of uncertainty include changes in the political, economic and business environment, exchange and interest rate fluctuations, the introduction of rival products, poor uptake of new products, and changes in business strategy.

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Rheinmetall AG

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Executive Board Klaus Eberhardt, Chairman Dr. Gerd Kleinert Dr. Herbert Müller

